NUTRITION, ORAL HEALTH AND ACTIVE PLAY

QUALITY AREA 2 | West Hawthorn Pre-School



PURPOSE

West Hawthorn Pre-school acknowledges the importance of healthy eating, oral health and physical activity and its contribution to good health and overall wellbeing.

This policy provides guidelines to:

- promote a healthy lifestyle and support children, staff, educators and families at the service to eat nutritious food, maintain oral health and participate in physical activity and active play
- ensure national and state guidelines and recommendations about nutrition, oral health and physical activity are met
- ensure that the dietary, developmental and cultural needs of children and families are taken into consideration when planning menus and implementing nutrition, oral health and active play activities
- ensure the safe storage and preparation of food.



POLICY STATEMENT

VALUES

West Hawthorn Pre-school is committed to:

- creating policies and practices that promote a healthy lifestyle and ensure national and state guidelines and recommendations about safe food preparation, nutrition, oral health and physical activity are met
- ensuring the buildings, grounds and facilities enable healthy eating, oral health and active play
- creating a culture in which all community members are respectfully supported to eat healthily, maintain good oral health and be active
- providing children with formal and informal opportunities to learn about food, nutrition, oral health and health messages about physical activity
- ensuring staff and educators have access to resources and support for their own healthy eating, oral health and physical activity
- engaging families, the service community and expert organisations in the promotion and implementation of healthy eating, oral health and active play initiatives.

SCOPE

This policy applies to the approved provider, persons with management or control, nominated supervisor, persons in day-to-day charge, early childhood teachers, educators, staff, students, volunteers, parents/guardians, children, and others attending the programs and activities of West Hawthorn Pre-school, including during offsite excursions and activities.



Responsibilities	Approved provider and persons with management or control	Nominated supervisor and persons in day-to-day charge	Early childhood teacher, educators and all other staff	Parents/guardians	Contractors, volunteers and students
R indicates legislation requirement, and sho	ould not	be delete	d	I	
Ensuring that the service environment and educational program supports children and families to make healthy choices for eating, oral health and active play <i>(refer to Definitions)</i>	R	~	~		
Embedding opportunities to learn about healthy eating and oral health and the importance of physical activity in the educational program, throughout the year	R	~	~		
Ensuring that age-appropriate adult-guided and child-initiated active play is planned on a daily basis across all age groups		√	√		~
Discussing healthy eating choices with children and introducing the concept of 'sometimes' and everyday foods and drinks		~	~	~	~
Providing a variety of cooking and food experiences that support children to develop food literacy and positive habits relating to food		~	~	✓	~
Role-modelling positive eating, drinking and physical activity behaviours, promoting a healthy relationship with food and interacting with children at meals times		~	~	~	✓
Providing a positive eating environment and sitting and interacting with children at mealtimes		√	✓		~
Providing adequate supervision (<i>refer to Definitions</i>) for all children at all times, including at mealtimes	R	R	√		~
Encouraging children to be independent at snack/mealtimes e.g. opening lunchboxes, pouring drinks, self-feeding, serving and using utensils in a culturally-sensitive way		~	~		~
Ensuring that cultural and religious practices/requirements of families are accommodated to support children's learning and development	R	V	•		
Providing ongoing information, resources and support to families, to assist in the promotion of optimum health, including oral health and active play, for young children <i>(refer to Sources)</i>	R	✓	~		
Recognising families, educators and staff as role models and encouraging them to bring/use foods and drinks that are in line with the service's Nutrition, Oral Health and Active Play Policy	R	~			
Providing and promoting healthy, nutritious food for snacks/meals, including fruits and vegetables in line with the service's Nutrition, Oral Health and Active Play policy, where	R	✓		~	



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Registering and engaging the service with the Achievement Program (refer to Sources)	✓	✓			
Providing families with information and strategies to promote healthy eating, oral health and active play and how to access relevant services (including local dental clinics)	~	~	~		
Developing links with local and regional health services, community organisations and businesses that provide expertise, resources and support for healthy eating, oral health and active play	V	V	V		
Ensuring that food and drinks are not used as an incentive or reward	✓	✓	✓		~
Ensuring staff and educators are supported by having healthy food options in the staff room, for staff meetings and for professional learning (if applicable)	~	✓			
Considering this policy when organising excursions, service events and any sponsorship or marketing opportunities	√	✓	~		
Ensuring celebrations and other service events promote healthy food options and limit discretionary options	~	~			
Developing and reviewing guidelines for celebrations, fundraising activities and other service events in consultation with educators, staff, parents/guardians and families to focus on healthy alternatives	R	~			
Ensuring the layout of the grounds and buildings is inclusive of the diversity and abilities of all children and encourages physical activity and movement	R	•			
Ensuring recommendations about physical activity and screen time from the Australian 24-Hour Movement Guidelines for the Early Years (Birth to 5 Years) are met	R	~	~		
Ensuring children are not sedentary or inactive for more than 1 hour at a time, with the exception of sleeping		~	~		~
Supporting children to develop collaboration skills during play		~	~		~
Ensuring that children are taught how to use equipment safely	R	~	~		~
Planning and providing active play and movement experiences that are age-appropriate, inclusive of diversity and abilities and support children to develop fundamental movement skills		~	~		~
Considering opportunities for children to be physically active indoors, particularly in adverse weather conditions		~	~		~
Dressing their child/ren so they can engage safely in active play		~	~	~	~
Ensuring service facilities and equipment enable active travel and road safety for children, staff, educators and families	R	~			
Supporting, promoting and encouraging active travel to and from the service (<i>Regulations 100 -102</i>)	~	~	~	~	~
Providing age-appropriate traffic safety education, including pedestrian and passenger safety to both children and parents/guardians at the service	R	•	~		



Using and promoting local parks, bike paths and recreation facilities, where appropriate, to encourage physical activity.	✓	~	√	
Ensuring space and facilities are available to allow staff and educators to store and prepare healthy food safely	R	~		
Ensuring healthy eating, oral health and active play information and policy requirements are included in the educator and staff induction	R	•		
Ensuring educators and staff are supported to be physically active and minimise sedentary behaviour, both inside and outside of work hours	R	•		
Supporting students and volunteers to comply with this policy while at the service	R	~		



BACKGROUND AND LEGISLATION

BACKGROUND

There are many benefits to promoting a healthy lifestyle in early childhood education and care settings, including the positive impact this has on each child's learning and development. Being made aware of positive eating behaviour, oral hygiene practices and the importance of physical activity from an early age can instil good habits that will remain throughout a person's life. Staff are well placed to build this awareness among children and their families, while respecting lifestyle choices, and cultural and religious values.

As a health promoting service it is recognised that every member of the service impacts on children's health. Children, staff, educators and families can be supported to eat healthily, maintain good oral health and be physically active through teaching and learning opportunities, policies, creating a safe and healthy physical and social environment and developing community links and partnerships.

Nutrition

The foods we eat provide our body with the nutrients we need to stay healthy. Good nutrition is the balanced eating of a variety of foods and is especially important for children as they require a large amount of nutrients for growth and development. Research has shown that, when offered a variety of healthy foods, children can and do make good choices. It is also important to provide preschool children with a good foundation in healthy eating, as most children have formed lifelong eating habits before they reach school age.

Oral health

Tooth decay is Australia's most prevalent health problem despite being largely preventable. It is important to note that oral health promotion is complementary to promoting healthy eating.

Oral health behaviours have a major influence on children's health and wellbeing and a direct impact on their growth and development. Oral diseases can negatively affect individuals through pain, discomfort, general health and quality of life. Poor oral health can limit a child's capacity in biting, chewing, smiling, speaking, and psychosocial wellbeing. The main oral health condition experienced by children is tooth decay affecting over half of all Australian children, making it five times more prevalent than asthma.

Active play

Active play (*refer to Definitions*) develops a strong and healthy body, builds motor and co-ordination skills, creates a sense of wellbeing and helps protect children from disease. Active play is about moving, being and doing.

A strong sense of health and wellbeing, supported by good nutrition, oral health and an active lifestyle, can provide children with confidence, energy and optimism that will contribute to their ability to concentrate, cooperate and learn (*Belonging, Being & Becoming – The Early Years Learning Framework for Australia, – refer to Sources*). Learning about healthy lifestyles, including nutrition, oral health and active play, links directly to



Outcome 3 in both the Early Years Learning Framework and the Victorian Early Years Learning and Development Framework (refer to Sources).

The Australian Government has guidelines, recommendations and resources for healthy eating and physical activity in early childhood settings including the National Health and Medical Research Council's Australian Dietary Guidelines and Infant Feeding Guidelines, the Get Up & Grow: Healthy Eating and Physical Activity for Early Childhood resources and the National Physical Activity Recommendations for Children 0-5 Years (refer to Sources). Practical, healthy eating advice is also available to early childhood services and schools via a telephone advice line: the Victorian Healthy Eating Advisory Service (Healthy Eating Advisory Service – refer to Sources), run by Nutrition Australia. Early childhood education and care services can also register and implement the Achievement Program (refer to Sources). This program is designed to create safe, healthy and friendly environments for children, staff educators and families, by promoting physical, mental and social health and wellbeing.

Progressive mealtimes

In recognising children as active participants in their own learning, children should be encouraged to make meaningful decisions about elements of their own education and care. Incorporating progressive mealtimes into the educational program allows children to choose to eat when they are hungry, rather than according to a timetable. Children can gather in small groups to enjoy meals together, without interrupting the needs and play of others. This also encourages quieter, more social and meaningful interactions at mealtimes and allows for a smoother flow throughout the day. Children can make decisions based on their own needs, and can be supported to access food and water throughout the day by educators/staff, who actively participate in mealtimes.

A decision with respect to incorporating progressive mealtimes into the educational program must consider the needs of all children at the service, particularly children with specific medical conditions such as diabetes. The National Regulations require services to ensure that children with medical conditions are able to participate fully in the educational program and are not discriminated against in any way.

LEGISLATION AND STANDARDS

Relevant legislation and standards include but are not limited to:

- Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code
- Child Wellbeing and Safety Act 2005 (Vic)
- Disability Discrimination Act 1992 (Cth)
- Education and Care Services National Law Act 2010
- Education and Care Services National Regulations 2011 including Regulations 77–78, 79–80 (if the service provides food), 168
- Equal Opportunity Act 2010 (Vic)
- Food Act 1984 (Vic)
- National Quality Standard including Quality Area 2: Children's Health and Safety
- Occupational Health and Safety Act 2004

The most current amendments to listed legislation can be found at:

Victorian Legislation – Victorian Law Today: www.legislation.vic.gov.au Commonwealth Legislation – Federal Register of Legislation: www.legislation.gov.au





DEFINITIONS

The terms defined in this section relate specifically to this policy. For regularly used terms e.g. Approved provider, Nominated supervisor, Notifiable complaints, Serious incidents, Duty of care, etc. refer to the Definitions file of the PolicyWorks catalogue.

Active play: Play that involves large muscle-based activities that are essential for a child's social, emotional, cognitive and physical growth and development incorporating:

- child-initiated active play, which is developed by the child through exploration of the outdoor environment, equipment and games
- adult-guided active play which encourages children's physical development through promoting movement skills in a non-competitive environment
- physical activity, which includes sport, incidental exercise and many forms of recreation.
- active travel, which includes walking, cycling, scootering or any similar transport where physical activity is used to travel.

Adequate supervision: (In relation to this policy) supervision entails all children (individuals and groups) in all areas of the service, being in sight and/or hearing of an educator at all times including during toileting, sleep, rest and transition routines. Services are required to comply with the legislative requirements for educator-to-child ratios at all times. Supervision contributes to protecting children from hazards that may emerge in play, including hazards created by the equipment used.

Adequate supervision refers to constant, active and diligent supervision of every child at the service. Adequate supervision requires that educators are always in a position to observe each child, respond to individual needs, and immediately intervene if necessary. Variables affecting supervision levels include:

- number, age and abilities of children
- number and positioning of educators
- current activity of each child
- areas in which the children are engaged in an activity (visibility and accessibility)
- developmental profile of each child and of the group of children
- experience, knowledge and skill of each educator
- need for educators to move between areas (effective communication strategies).

'Discretionary' foods and drinks: Food and drink items that are high in fat, sugar and salt, and that contain minimal vitamins, minerals or fibre. These can also be referred to as 'sometimes' foods and drinks. Examples of discretionary food and drinks include:

- chocolate, confectionery, jelly
- sweet biscuits, high fat/salt savoury biscuits, chips
- high sugar/high fat cakes and slices
- cream, ice cream
- deep fried foods (e.g. hot chips) and pastry-based foods (pies, sausage rolls and pasties)
- most fast food and takeaway foods
- some processed meats (e.g. sausages, frankfurts/hot dogs, salami, strasbourg, devon, some commercial chicken nuggets and fish fingers)
- soft drinks, fruit juice and fruit drinks, cordial, sports drinks, energy drinks, flavoured milk and flavoured mineral water

Healthy eating: Describes eating patterns that provide all the recommended nutrients for growth and development, and good health and wellbeing, now and in the future. It also refers to preparing, serving and eating food in a way that recognises its importance as a social and cultural activity.

Nutrition: The process of providing or receiving nourishing substances.

Oral health: The absence of active disease in the mouth. Oral health is fundamental to overall health, wellbeing and quality of life. A healthy mouth enables people to eat, speak and socialise without pain, discomfort or embarrassment.

Food Literacy: Food literacy is "a collection of inter-related knowledge, skills and behaviours required to plan, manage, select, prepare and eat food to meet (dietary) needs"



SOURCES AND RELATED POLICIES

SOURCES

- Australian Dietary Guidelines 2019, National Health and Medical Research Council: https://www.eatforhealth.gov.au/guidelines
- Belonging, Being & Becoming The Early Years Learning Framework for Australia: <u>https://docs.education.gov.au/documents/belonging-being-becoming-early-years-learning-framework-australia</u>
- Better Health Channel: <u>www.betterhealth.vic.gov.au</u>
- Dental Health Services Victoria: <u>www.dhsv.org.au</u>
- Food Safety Victoria, Department of Health and Human Services: <u>www2.health.vic.gov.au/public-health/food-safety</u>
- Food Standards Australia New Zealand: <u>www.foodstandards.gov.au</u>
- Department of Health (2013) *Get Up & Grow: Healthy Eating and Physical Activity for Early Childhood:* <u>https://www.health.gov.au/internet/main/publishing.nsf/Content/phd-gug-staffcarers</u>
- The Achievement Program is a health and wellbeing initiative for early childhood services, schools and workplaces: www.achievementprogram.health.vic.gov.au
- Healthy Eating Advisory Service: <u>www.heas.health.vic.gov.au</u>
- National Health and Medical Research Council, *Infant Feeding Guidelines: information for health workers* (2012): <u>https://www.nhmrc.gov.au/about-us/publications/infant-feeding-guidelines-information-health-workers</u>
- Australian 24-Hour Movement Guidelines for the Early Years (Birth to 5 years): <u>https://www.health.gov.au/internet/main/publishing.nsf/Content/npra-0-5yrs-brochure</u>
- Australia's Physical Activity and Sedentary Behaviour Guidelines for Adults: <u>https://www1.health.gov.au/internet/main/publishing.nsf/Content/health-publith-strateg-phys-act-guidelines#npa1864</u>
- National Health and Medical Research Council ,*Staying Healthy: Preventing infectious diseases in early childhood education and care services* (5th edition, 2013): <u>https://www.nhmrc.gov.au/about-us/publications/staying-healthy-preventing-infectious-diseases-early-childhood-education-and-care-services</u>
- Victorian Early Years Learning and Development Framework: <u>www.education.vic.gov.au</u>

RELATED POLICIES

- Anaphylaxis and Allergic Reaction
- Asthma
- Curriculum Development
- Dealing with Infectious Diseases
- Dealing with Medical Conditions
- Diabetes
- Enrolment and Orientation
- Excursions and Service Events
- Food Safety
- Hygiene
- Incident, Injury, Trauma and Illness
- Inclusion and Equity
- Road Safety and Safe Transport
- Sun Protection



EVALUATION

In order to assess whether the values and purposes of the policy have been achieved, the approved provider will:





- regularly seek feedback from educators, staff, parents/guardians, children, management and all affected by the policy
- monitor the implementation, compliance, complaints and incidents in relation to this policy

- keep the policy up to date with current legislation, research, policy and best practice
- revise the policy and procedures as part of the service's policy review cycle, or as required with all members of the service
- notifying all stakeholders affected by this policy at least 14 days before making any significant changes to this policy or its procedures, unless a lesser period is necessary due to risk (*Regulation 172 (2)*).



ATTACHMENTS



AUTHORISATION

This policy was adopted by the approved provider of West Hawthorn Pre-School on 09/05/2023

REVIEW DATE: 09/05/2026

